

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

COMPLIES WITH OSHA'S HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD (29 CFR 1910.1200)

I. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION: **SUPER STICK** **Product Code: 1063**
Distributed By: Superco Specialty Products, 25041 Anza Dr., Valencia, CA 91355
Telephone: (661) 775-8877
Emergency Response: (800) 255-3924
D.O.T. Proper Shipping Name: ORM-D Consumer Commodity
NFPA Codes: Health - 2 Flammability - 4 Corrosive 0 Reactivity - 0

II. COMPONENTS:

Chem. Name:	CAS NUMBER	PEL	TLV
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	110-54-3	*500PPM	50PPM
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	N/E	N/E
Pentaerythritol Tetrakis	6683-19-8	1000PPM	1000PPM
Acetone	67-64-1	*TWA 1000PPM	TWA 750PPM STEL 1000PPM
Hydrocarbon Propellant	68-476-86-8	800PPM	800PPM

** If present, IARC, NTP and OSHA Carcenogens and chemical subject to this reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 313 are identified in this section.

III. PHYSICAL DATA:

Boiling Point: N/D **Spec. Gravity: (H₂O=1):** 0.7530 **Vapor Pressure:** 70 PSIG@75°F
Vapor Density: N/D **V.O.C. (Grams Per Liter):** N/A **Water Solubility:** Not Soluble
Appearance: Aerosol Spray **VOC-Aerosol-Products:** CARB < 75%

IV. FIRE and EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA:

Flash Point (COC): Extremely Flammable **Explosive Limit (Product):** LEL - 1.0 UEL 6.0

Fire & Explosion Hazards: This product releases flammable vapors at well below ambient temperatures and readily forms flammable mixtures with air exposed to an ignition source. It will burn in the open or be explosive in confined spaces. Its vapors are heavier than air and may travel long distances to a point of ignition, and then flash back. Alkane/Chlorine gas mixtures have produced explosions.

Extinguishing Media: Dry Chemical. CO₂. Halogenated Extinguishing Agent. Stop gas flow.

Special Firefighting Procedures: Gas fires should not be extinguished unless the gas flow can be stopped immediately. Allow the fire to burn itself out. If the source cannot be shut off immediately, all equipment and surfaces exposed to the fire should be cooled with water to prevent over-heating, flash-backs, or explosions. Control fire until gas supply can be shut off. Use proper protective equipment. Use fresh air respirator when exposure to hazardous concentrations of toxic gases is possible.

Fire Fighting: Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel. Isolate "fuel" supply from fire. Use foam, dry chemical, or water spray to extinguish fire. Avoid spraying water directly into storage containers due to danger of boilover. This liquid is volatile and gives off invisible vapors. Either the liquid or vapor may settle in low areas or travel some distance along the ground or surface to ignition sources where they may ignite or explode.

V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

GENERAL: This material is an aspiration hazard and defats the skin. Breathing vapors of high concentrations may cause CNS depression.

Eye Contact: Slightly irritating but does not injure eye tissue.

Skin Contact: Low order of toxicity. Frequent or prolonged contact may irritate and cause dermatitis. Skin contact may aggravate an existing skin condition.

Inhalation: High vapor/aerosol concentrations (greater than approximately 100ppm) are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches, dizziness, anesthesia, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects, including death.

Ingestion: Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly minimal toxicity.

FIRST AID

EYE CONTACT: Flush eyes with large amounts of water until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Flush with large amounts of water; use soap if available. Remove grossly contaminated clothing, including shoes, and launder before reuse.

INHALATION: Using proper respiratory protection, immediately remove the affected victim from exposure. Administer artificial respiration if breathing is stopped. Keep at rest. Call for prompt medical attention.

INGESTION: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

HEALTH HAZARD DATA (continued)

PRECAUTIONS

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS: Health studies have shown that many hydrocarbons pose potential human health risks which may vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to liquids, vapors, mists or fumes should be minimized.

PERSONAL PROTECTION: For open systems where contact is likely, wear safety glasses with side shields, long sleeves, and chemical resistant gloves. Where concentrations in the air may exceed the limits, work practice or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.

VENTILATION: The use of mechanical dilution ventilation is recommended whenever this product is used in a confined space, is heated above ambient temperatures, or is agitated.

(PROPOSITION 65)

State of California SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC REINFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986.

WARNING: In accordance with PROP 65, this product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm.

VI. REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: STABLE **Hazardous Polymerization:** WILL NOT OCCUR

Materials and conditions to avoid incompatibility: Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: None

VII. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF CONTAINER IS PUNCTURED AND MATERIAL IS RELEASED: Clean up area by mopping or with absorbant materials and place in a closed container for disposal. Consult Federal, State, and Local disposal authorities.

Waste Disposal Method: Consult local authorities for proper waste disposal procedures. Empty de-pressurized containers can not be reused. Cans which are pressurized or contain liquid must be disposed of in a permitted waste management facility. Consult Federal, State, and local disposal authorities for approved procedures.

VIII. PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT TO BE USED

VENTILATION REQUIREMENT: Use adequate level exhaust ventilation. Note: Where carbon monoxide may be generated, special ventilation may be required. Local exhaust recommended when appropriate to control employee exposure.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Based on contamination level and working limits the respirator, use a respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA. In situations where vapor concentrations exceed the recommended exposure limits, a NIOSH approved organic vapor cartridge or air-supplying respirator should be worn.

EYES: Face shield and goggles or chemical goggles should be worn.

GLOVES: Impervious gloves should be worn. Gloves contaminated with the product should be discarded. Polyflourinated polyethylene has been suggested.

OTHER CLOTHING EQUIPMENT: Standard work clothing. Standard work shoes; discard if shoes cannot be decontaminated. Store contaminated clothing in well ventilated cabinets or closed containers. Wash contaminated clothing and dry before reuse.

IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS OR OTHER COMMENTS

HANDLING, STORAGE AND DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES: When utilizing pressurized containers follow standard safety practices for handling aerosols.

GENERAL COMMENTS: Do not store at temperatures above 120 degrees F. Odor is not an adequate warning of potentially hazardous concentrations in air. Releases of these gases may cause a flammable atmosphere with explosion potential.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS: Please read and follow the directions on the product label. They are your best guide to using this product in the most effective way, and give the necessary safety precautions to protect your health.

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS: The above information is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Since the information contained herein may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modification of the information, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.